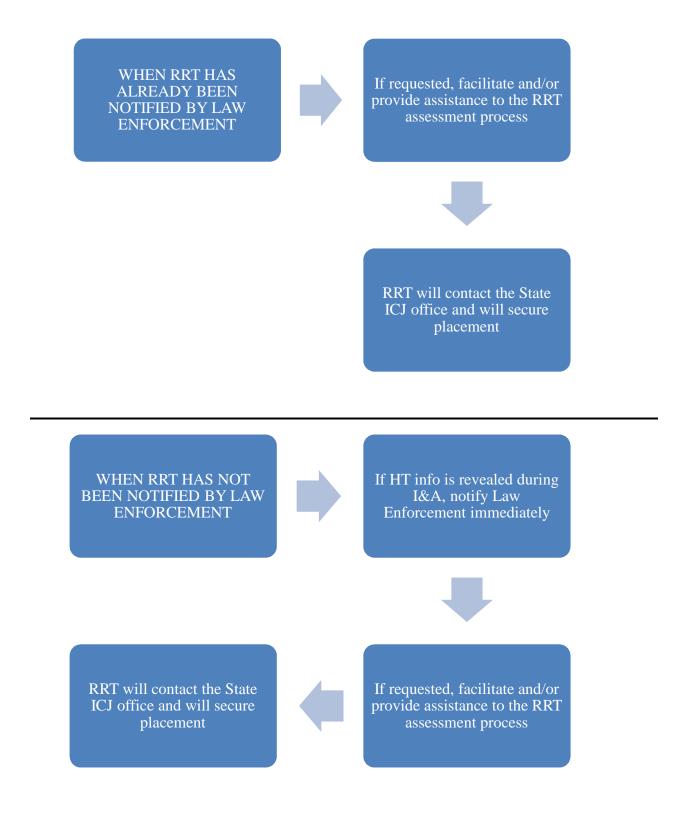
Interstate Compact for Juveniles and Human Trafficking

Applicable Kansas Law KSA 21-5426, KSA 38-2231, KSA 38-2232 and KSA 21-6419



ICJ rules as applied to Human Trafficking (HT) cases

RULE: 6-101(1)(a) Juvenile authorities may release a runaway to their parent/legal guardian within the first 24-hours (excluding weekends and holidays) of detainment without applying Rule 6-102, except in cases where abuse or neglect is suspected by holding authorities.

APPLICATION: Abuse or neglect may be assumed in HT cases and the juvenile will not be released to a parent/legal guardian under this rule.

RULE: 6-101(2) Runaways who are endangering themselves or others held beyond 24 hours shall be held in secure facilities until returned by the home/demanding state.

APPLICATION: Secure detention is required in cases where the juvenile is endangering themselves or others. When this is found in HT cases, secure detention is required; however, that does not exclusively mean a juvenile detention center. Under ICJ, a staff secure facility meets the definition of a secure facility.

RULE: 6-101(3) When a holding state has reason to suspect abuse or neglect by a parent/legal guardian or others in the home of a runaway juvenile, the holding state's ICJ Office shall notify the home/demanding state's ICJ Office of the suspected abuse or neglect.

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RULE: 6-101(4) The home/demanding state's ICJ Office shall work with the appropriate authority and/or court of jurisdiction in the home/demanding state to effect the safe return of the juvenile.

APPLICATION: Kansas ICJ will notify home state of HT of a juvenile from their state. The home state must work with a home state court, i.e. a child welfare court, to effect a safe return of the juvenile.